**Unit 1 Where did you go on vacation?**

**综合能力演练**

**I. 单项选择。**

1. Which team \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the game yesterday?

A. took 　　　B. wanted 　　　C. visited　　　 D. won

2. I went out and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river.

　　A. swim 　　　B. swam 　　　C. swimming 　　　D. to swim

3. The music sounds \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I like it very much.

A. good 　　　B. well 　　　C. bad 　　　D. beautifully

4. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ class yesterday morning.

　　A. was，for　　　 B. was，to 　　　C. am，for 　　　D. am，to

5. What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he do on his last school trip?

A. does 　　　B. did 　　　C. is 　　　D. was

6. We \_\_\_\_\_ any sharks on my last school trip.

A. saw 　　　B. didn’t saw 　　　C. didn’t see　　　 D. see

7. — How many students are there in the classroom?

 — \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They are all on the playground.

 A. No one B. None C. Nobody D. Everyone

8. The film “Kung Fu Panda” is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interesting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I would like to see it again.

 A. such; that B. too; to C. as; as D. so; that

9. — When did you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ table tennis?

 — Three years ago. Later, I studied in Peking University.

 A. stop to play B. stop playing C. start to play D. start play

10. The boy was born \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the 3rd of July, 1989.

　　A. in　　　 B. on 　　　C. at 　　　D. to

11. We didn’t go out to play \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bad weather.

　　A. because 　　　B. because of 　　　C. met 　　　D. of

12. She is \_\_\_\_\_\_ old to walk so long.

A. too 　　　B. so 　　　C. very　　　 D. such

13. Around the world, more and more people are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dangerous sports activities, because life in modern societies has become safe and boring.

A. taking out 　　　B. taking off　　　 C. taking part in 　　　D. taking care of

14. The musician wrote three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last year.

 A. pieces of music B. pieces of musics C. piece of musics D. piece of music
15. She is famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a violinist.

 A. of B. for C. as D. in

**[真题链接]**

1.Look! Sonia looks worried. There must be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wrong with her. **（2014济宁市中考）**

A. nothing B. something C. anything D. everything

2.－\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do you go to the supermarket, Amy?（**2014江苏省淮安市中考）**

－Once a week.

A. How many B. How much C. How far D. How often

3.－Have you heard the song *Stay Here Forever*? **（2014济宁市中考）**

－Yes. It sounds \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. well B. loudly C. sweet D. beautifully

**II. 完形填空。**

　　I think the best place to go on Sunday is the zoo. When you are 　1　, you can go there with your family. 　2　 the zoo, there are many animals: elephants, deer, 　3　, rabbits and other animals. Elephants are the 　4　 animals on land. I 　5　 there is a baby elephant in our zoo. So I want to 　6　at it. YuXuan wants to go with me. She says, “ 　7　 we go there together?” “Sure!” I say. “We can 　8　 a good time there. But let’s 　9　 there at half past four. I have 　10　 homework to do.”

1. A. busy　　　　　 B. free　　　　 　 C. young　　　　　　 D. clean

2. A. In　　　　　　 B. On　　　　　 C. For　　　　　　　 D. Near

3. A. monkeys 　　　 B. monkey 　　 　 C. two monkey　　　 D. one monkeys

4. A. youngest　　　 B. smallest　　 　 C. biggest　　　　　 D. tallest

5. A. listen　　　　 B. listen to　　　 C. hear of　　　　　 D. hear

6. A. looks　　　　 B. have a look　　 C. see　　　　　　　 D. have a see

7. A. Can　　　　　 B. Could　　　　 C. Shall　　　　　　 D. Would

8. A. get　　　　　 B. have　　　　　 C. be　　　　　　　 D. has

9. A. goes　　　　　 B. go　　　　　　 C. to go　　　　　　 D. going

10. A. few　　　　　 B. little　　　　 C. much　　　　　　 D. many

**III. 阅读理解。**

**A**

I had a summer camp with my classmates last year.

Early in the morning, we gathered at the bus station. After saying goodbye to our parents, we got on the buses. It took us more than two hours to arrive at the campground.

We got off the buses cheerfully, laughing and shouting. We jumped and ran all over the place. It was the first time for us to be away from the parents. Some of us started to feel homesick(想家). However, when the night party and dances began, the homesick was gone.

The next day, everybody rushed to the boating class, hoping to be at the head of the others. At first, my friends and I worked hard, but the boat wouldn’t listen to us and kept going round and round. Then the teacher taught us how to work together. After many tries, we did much better.

Swimming class was my favorite. It was about the hottest time of a day and the best time to stay in the cool water. The swimming teacher was a funny man, and during the class he often made us laugh happily.

During the week I learned a lot and made many new friends. I also learned how to take care of myself.

1. They got to the campground \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. on foot B. by bike C. by bus D. by plane

 2. The campground was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from their homes.

A. quite near B. not far C. very long D. quite far

 3. Why did the writer like swimming class best?

A. Because it was good to stay in the cool water on hot weather.

B. Because the writer felt quite relaxed during the class.

C. Because the swimming teacher was interesting.

D. Because of all the above.

 4. Which statement is NOT true?

A. The children were happy to be away from their parents.

B. Their homesickness lasted for long.

C. It was teamwork to boat.

D. They camped for a week.

5. Which is the best title for the passage?

 A. I Learned a lot

 B. Boating and Swimming

 C. On the Campground

 D. My First Summer Camp

**B**

Stephen Hawking was born in Oxford, England on the eighth of January, 1942. He went to school in ST Albans— a small city near London. After leaving school, Mr. Hawking went to Oxford University where he studied physics, then he went to Cambridge University.

When he was 20 years old, Mr. Hawking got a bad illness. He couldn’t speak or move without the help of a machine. Doctors said they had no way to help him. He would die before he was 23. At first, Mr. Hawking became very sad. After a while, though, he began to see his life in a different way. He worked hard and later became a very famous professor. Today he still works at Cambridge University as a professor.

6. When was Mr. Hawking born?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. How many universities did Mr. Hawking study in?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. Which year did Mr. Hawking get a bad illness?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. Did Mr. Hawking go to school in London?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. Where does Mr. Hawking still work today?

**C**

（**2014江苏省淮安市中考）**

There are several ways you can find out about the countries and places you wish to visit. You can talk to friends who have traveled to the places, you can go and see a color film about them, or you can read a travel book.

It seems that there are three kinds of travel books. The first are those that give a personal, subjective(主观的) idea of travels which their writer has got himself. These books can be useful if the writers share their traveling experiences with others. The second kind are those books which give objective(客观的) information of things to be done and seen. If **a cultured person** has written such a book about the facts of a place, then it is more useful. The third kind are those books which are called “a guide” to some place or other. If they are good, they will describe and explain the place in detail. Like the first kind , they can be interesting and exciting, but their main purpose is to help the reader plan his travel in the most practical way.

 Whatever kind of travel book you choose, you must make sure that the book does not describe everything as interesting, exciting or fantastic. You must also keep an open eyes on its date of publication(出版) because travel is very practical matter and many things change quickly in the 21st century. Finally, you should make sure that it’s easy to find the useful information for you travel.

11. The passage was written to introduce\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. travel maps B. travel books C. travel films D. travel places

12. The writer of the first kind of travel books gave his ideas after he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. traveled B. read books C. a lot of experience D. surfed the Internet

13. The underlined phrase “**a cultured person**” means a person with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a good appearance B. a good education

C. a lot of experience D. a lot of money

14. The date of publication must be noticed because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the prices of travel books may be different

B. the writers of travel books may be different

C. the information in travel books is always the same

D. the information in travel books is always changing

15. According to the passage, it is best to read \_\_\_\_\_\_ before traveling to a place of interest.

A. the first kind of travel books B. the second kind of travel books

C. the third kind of travel books D. some travel articles in newspaper

**IV. 书面表达。**

请根据要求写一篇日记。上个休息日(4月24日，星期日，天气晴朗)，我过得非常有趣。

　上午：去中心动物园，看到一些海豹，一些鲨鱼和海豚表演，然后和朋友一起去打篮球，游泳。

　中午：在肯德基吃午饭 (汉堡包，可乐，水果冰淇淋等）。

　下午：去新华书店看书，买了一些礼物。到中山公园游玩并照相。

字数： 60-80词

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**【答案与解析】**

**I. 单项选择。**

1. D。由时间状语yesterday可知应填一般过去时。won the game意为“赢得比赛”。

2. B。and连接的两个动词形式要一致。故都用一般过去时。

3. A。sound为系动词，后接形容词。

4. A。由yesterday morning可知填一般过去时。be late for 迟到。

5. B。由on his last school trip可知是一般过去时。

6. C。由on my last school trip可知是一般过去时，又因为any sharks故用否定句，didn’t 后加动词原形。

7. B。根据句意“— 教室里有多少学生？— 没有，他们都在操场上。”no one相当于nobody，回答who的提问，而none则回答how many / how much的提问。

8. D。根据句意“《功夫熊猫》这部电影是如此的有趣以至于我想再看一遍”可知应该选表示“如此……以至于”的短语，第一空后为形容词，所以应该用so；第二空后是句子，空中应该填that，所以答案为D。

9. B。stop doing sth. 意为“停止做某事”；stop to do sth.意为“停下来去做某事”；start to do sth.意为“开始做某事”。根据答语“后来，我在北京大学学习”可知问句问的是“你什么时候停止打兵乓球的？”所以答案为B。

10. B。具体到某一天用介词on。

11. B。because +句子；because of+短语或名词。

12. A。too...to... 太……而不能。固定用法。

13. C。短语意义辨析。“参加某项活动”用词组take part in 表达。其它短语意义与句意不符。

14. A。音乐是不可数名词，量词应该用piece，三首曲子表达为“three pieces of music”。

15. C。be famous as意为“作为……而出名”。句意为：她作为一名小提琴家而闻名。

**[真题链接]**

1. B。本题意为：——看！Sonia看起来很担心；她一定是出了什么问题。因为本题表示猜测，所以用something；有肯定的意思，即可能有问题了，如果换用anything或者everything表示完全肯定；所以答案B最合适。

2.D。句意：——你多久去一次超市。Amy？——一周一次。how many 和how much 均可表示“多少”；how many 修饰可数名词的复数形式，而how much 修饰不可数名词，还可以用来询问价格。how far “多远”一般指的是一地到另一地的距离；how often“多长时间一次”对在某一特定的时间内进行的动作次数进行提问，故答案选D。

3.C。本题意为：—你听过《永远待在这里》这首歌吗？—是的，听起来非常甜美。本题考查sound的用法；sound+形容词，表示听起来……；故答案选C。

**II. 完形填空。**

1. B。由the best place to go on Sunday is the zoo可知应是有空的时候。

2. A。在动物园里用介词in。

3. A。monkey是可数名词，单数前用a，复数加s。

4. C。大象应是最大的动物。故填biggest。

5. D。hear听说，后可以接宾语从句。

6. B。have a look at 看一看，固定短语。

7. C。Shall we...？表示一种建议。

8. B。have a good time 玩得高兴，固定短语。

9. B。let’s后接动词原形。

10. C。homework为不可数名词。

**III. 阅读理解。**

**A**

1. C。根据原文“…we got on the buses.”可知答案。

2. D。根据原文“It took us more than two hours to arrive at the campground.”可知答案。

3. D。根据原文倒数第二段内容可知答案。

4. B。根据原文第三段倒数第一、二段话可知答案。

5. D。根据全文意思可知答案。

**B**

6. He was born on the eighth of January, 1942.

7. He studied in two universities.

8. In 1962.

9. No, he didn’t.

10. At Cambridge University.

**C**

11. B。结合全文来看，本文主要向我们介绍了关于旅游的书，故答案选B。

12. A。由第二段的第三句话“These books can be useful if the writers share their traveling experiences with others.”作者和其他人分享了他们的旅行经验，可知答案选A，第一本书是作者在他已经旅行过后，给出的自己的看法。

13. B。本题考查词语的近义词的转换，a cultured person有文化的人， a good appearance好看的外表； a good education良好的教育； a lot of experience很多经验； a lot of money很多钱，故答案选B。a person with a good education受过良好教育的人。

14. D。由最后一段的倒数第二句话“You must also keep an open eyes on its date of publication(出版) because travel is very practical matter and many things change quickly in the 21st century.”可知出版的日期要注意，因为在21世纪的今天，很多事情的变化很快，故答案选D。

15. C。由第二段的倒数第三句话“The third kind are those books which are called “a guide” to some place or other” 可知答案选C。

**IV. 书面表达。**

April 24th Sunday Sunny

Last day off, I had a great time. In the morning, I got up very early. After eating breakfast, I went to Center zoo and saw some seals, sharks and dolphin’s show. I bought some souvenirs. Then I went out playing basketball with my good friend Jim for one hour, and then we swam at the pool. We had some hamburgers and coke for lunch at KFC. We also had some fruit ice-cream. We had a rest for one and a half hours, then we went to Xinhua bookshop and read some books. We went to Zhongshan Park, we bought some gifts, and the park is very beautiful. We took lots of photos there. We enjoyed ourselves very much.