**Review of Units 1-5**

**综合能力演练**

**I. 单项选择。（每小题1分，共15分）**

1. — Did you go to the park yesterday?

 — \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I visited my aunt.

 A. Yes, I did B. Yes, I do C. No, I didn’t D. No, I don’t

2. I was looking for a birthday gift for my mother, but I couldn’t find \_\_\_\_\_\_ suitable.**（2014年南京市中考）**

A. something B. anything C. nothing D. everything

3. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do you watch TV?
　— Once a week, only on Sunday evenings.

A. How long 　　　B. How much　　 C. How often　　 D. How many days

4. — \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ does Betty do on weekends?

　— She often reads at home.

A. Where 　　　B. What　　 C. How　　 D. Why
5. He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think he can look after himself.

A. enough old B. enough young C. old enough D. young enough

6. —Excuse me, may I keep the book a little longer? **（2014年扬州市中考）**

—Sorry. You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ return it today.

A. must B. mustn't C. can D. can't

7. My father spent two hundred yuan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a bike.

A. / B. on C. for D. in

8. Doing sports is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our health.

A. good for B. good at C. good with D. good to

9. — What makes you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the way, Peter?

 — Look! Dave. What a dirty shirt the man is wearing over there!

A. laugh B. laughs C. to laugh D. laughing

10. She speaks English as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as her teacher.

 A. well B. good C. better D. best

11. Tom does his homework \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in his class.

 A. very carefully B. the most carefully C. more carefully D. the most careful

12. — Can you speak French, Mr. Brown?

— Yes. But only \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ French words.

A. few B. little C. a little D. a few

13. Don’t forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the door when you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. closing；leave　 B. closing；are leaving C. to close；leave 　D. to close；will leave

14. —\_\_\_\_\_\_ will the fog and haze last? **（2014年连云港市中考）**

— I’ve no idea. There is no sign of an end.

A. How soon B. How far C. How long D. How often

15. I have two cats. One is black, and \_\_\_\_\_\_ is white.

A. another　　　B. some 　　　C. other 　　　D. the other

**II. 完形填空。（每小题1分，共10分）**

 Americans like to travel on holidays. Today more and more travelers in America are 1 nights at small houses or inns(小旅馆) instead of (而不是 ) 2 . They get a room for the night and the 3 for the next morning.

 Rooms for the night in private homes with breakfast have been 4 with travelers in Europe for many years.

 In the past five to ten years, these bed-and-breakfast places have become popular in America.Many of these American inns are old buildings. Some have only 5 rooms. Others are much 6 . Some inns do not provide telephones in the rooms, 7 others do.

 Staying at an inn is much different 8 staying at a hotel. Usually the cost is much 9 . Staying at an inn is almost like visiting someone’s home. The owners are glad to tell about the area and the interesting places to 10 . Many travelers say they enjoy the chance to meet the local families.

 1. A. taking B. worrying C. spending D. visiting

 2. A. hotels B. homes C. villages D. building

3. A. sport B. breakfast C. lunch D. dinner

4. A. expensive B. new C. popular D. big

5. A. little B. few C. a little D. a few

6. A. smaller B. larger C. older D. newer

7. A. so B. but C. because D. if

8. A. from B. of C. in D. about

9. A. more B. less C. fewer D. bigger

10. livers B. players C. climbers D. travelers

**III. 阅读理解。（每小题2分，共30分）**

**A**

Xiao Lin’s father is ill. His mother must look after him at home. So she says to her son,“Go to the hospital and ask a doctor to come to us, Xiao Lin. ”

“OK,”says the boy,“But where is the hospital?”

“In the town. ”answers his mother.

Then Xiao Lin leaves his house. He gets to a fork (岔路口). He doesn’t know if he turns right or left. He stands there. Just then a farmer drives a carriage(马车) and comes.

“How far is the town from here?”asks Xiao Lin.

“Two kilometers. ”says the farmer.

“May I take your carriage?”

“Certainly. ”

“Thank you very much,”Xiao Lin is happy and gets on the carriage. Half an hour later the carriage doesn’t get to the town.

“How far is the town from here?”Xiao Lin asks again.

“Four kilometers. ”says the farmer.

“Why is the town farther now?”

“The carriage is going in the opposite direction. ”

1. Xiao Lin must ask a doctor to come because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. his father is busy B. his mother must look after his father

C. the town is not far D. he often goes there

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so he stops at the fork.

　A. Xiao Lin wants to have a rest

　B. Xiao Lin doesn’t know the way to the town

　C. Xiao Lin wants to wait for the carriage

　D. Xiao Lin must go to the town by himself

3. Half an hour later Xiao Lin is farther from the town because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the farmer is afraid of him
　　B. the farmer takes him to another hospital
　　C. the carriage goes very fast
　　D. the carriage takes him to the opposite direction
4. Xiao Lin wants \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the farmer to take him to the town
　　B. to know which direction he should turn to
　　C. to take the farmer’s carriage
　　D. the farmer to tell him where the town is
5. The town is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kilometers from Xiao Lin when he asks the farmer again.
　　A. two　　　 B. four 　　　C. six　　　 D. eight

**B**

Mike is a factory worker. He is often very tired after a day’s work. His wife, Jenny, has no job, so she stays at home to cook the meals. Every day he can have his dinner when he gets home from his factory.

One day, Mike came home very late because he was very busy in the factory. He was very hungry when he got home.

He was not happy when he found his dinner was not ready. He was very angry with his wife. He shouted at her, “I’m going out to eat in a restaurant.” “Wait for five minutes.” said his wife. “Why? Do you think that the dinner will be ready in five minutes?”asked Mike.

“Of course not,”she answered,“But I can be ready to go with you in five minutes.”

6. Mike works in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a factory 　　　B. an office　　　 C. a school　　　 D. a hospital

7. Jenny stays at home because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. she likes cooking B. she loves her husband very much

C. she doesn’t have a job D. she doesn’t want to work

8. One day, Mike came home very late because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he wanted to have dinner in a restaurant

B. he had a lot of work to do

C. he was angry with his wife

D. his wife didn’t cook dinner

9. Mike was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when he found his dinner was not ready.

A. happy　　　 B. glad 　　　C. hungry 　　　D. not happy

10. Which sentence is correct?

A. Jenny could have the dinner ready in five minutes.

B. Jenny wanted to go to the restaurant with her husband.

C. Jenny didn’t like the dinner at home.

D. Jenny didn’t love her husband.

**C**

**（2015年河北省中考）**

 Making a good job choice is almost as good as choosing a good life．So, choosing a job is one of the most important decisions to make in life.

For my job, there are three important things that I will consider:

The first one－that I must work in an area I like－is most important to me．Someone once said if you find a job that you enjoy, then you won’t have to work another day．I would like to work in an area where I can be more creative．I would like to be the most valuable member there．All this is possible only if I like what I do.

The second one is that the area of my work must lead me to solve some new and hard problems．I would like to stay in the same area for a long time．In order for this to happen, the work must provide enough problems．More than just working to live, I enjoy making a difference and trying my best for the whole progress．I would also like to be well remunerated for my hard work, so I can lead a comfortable life with this hard-won money．Then I can provide the best for my family.

The third important thing is that I would like to work in an area that would help other people．The work in my mind is in fields such as the army, training or management．In such areas, I can help to develop the abilities of others and bring out their best．It would be a most satisfying job to help young people to become the best that they can be．When I become old, I would like to look back with a great sense of satisfaction that thousands of people have become better persons through my work.

I accept the idea that no one should make a choice of a job suddenly or quickly．He should decide what he wants to be in the long run．Then, he should decide how he works towards it．He should study the proper courses, read the books and speak to knowledgeable persons in that field before making a job choice．A good choice will most probably lead to a better life.

11．According to the passage, a good job choice probably makes people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．solve fewer problems

B．choose a good life

C．be good family members

D．provide hard things

12．The writer considers an enjoyable job most important because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．he has to bring out his best

B．it can make him more creative

C．he will have to work another day

D．it is possible for him to live better

13．The underlined word “remunerated” in the passage means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A．trained B．praised C．accepted D．paid

14．The writer wants to tell us that everyone should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．become a knowledgeable person

B．join the army to become a better person

C．make preparations to find a satisfying job

D．help young people to choose an interesting job

15．What is the best title for the passage?

A．My Job Choice B．My Favorite Job

C．My Comfortable Life D．My Sense of Satisfaction

**IV. 根据句意和首字母或汉语提示完成单词，使句子正确、句意通顺。（每空1分，共10分）**

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(似乎) a little unhappy now.

2. He hopes to do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(更少的) homework at home.

3. He walked into the bedroom very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(轻声地).

4. I would like to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(分享) the happiness with others.

5. Their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(服务) is pretty bad.

6. A\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he is only three years old, he can write and read.

7. It’s n\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for us to learn English well.

8. The girl is u\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because her parents died in the earthquake.

9. The bus is too c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so I can’t get on it.

10. If you study hard, you will be s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**V. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。（每空1分，共5分）**

1. It’s very necessary for him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a good rest.

2. His mother wants him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(drink) milk every day.

3. Healthy lifestyle can make you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(get) better grades.

4. Jack runs as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(fast) as Tom does.

5. Which is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(big), the earth, the moon and the sun?

**VI. 句型转换，每空一词。****（每小题1分，共10分）**

1. I can’t stand talk shows. (对划线部分提问)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ talk shows?

2. Tom watches TV once a week. (对划线部分提问)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Tom watch TV?

3. Lily is twelve years old. Lucy is twelve years old, too. (合并为一句)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lily \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lucy are twelve years old.

4. This film isn’t as interesting as that one. (改为同义句)

 This film is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than that one.

5. Linda did her homework yesterday afternoon.(对划线部分提问)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Linda \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday afternoon?

**VII. 根据汉语意思完成句子，每空一词。（每空1分，共10分）**

1. 你去哪里度假了？

 Where did you go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

2. 他正在动物园里拍照。

 He is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the zoo.

3. 昨天我妈妈去购物了。

 My mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

4. 上周末这些孩子玩得很开心。

 These children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last weekend.

5. 袋子里装满了大米。

 The bag is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rice.

**VIII. 书面表达。（10分）**

请根据下面提供的信息写一篇不少于60词的短文。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | You | Your best friend |
| 年龄 | 14岁 | 15 岁 |
| 外貌 | 很高，留着短发 | 很高，有点胖，大眼睛 |
| 爱好 | 打篮球，下棋 | 打篮球，读书 |
| 性格 | 更活泼，更风趣 | 更文静，更勤奋 |

Tom is my best friend. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**【答案与解析】**

**I. 单项选择。**

1. C。根据后句的“I visited my aunt.”可知没有去公园，所以答案是否定的且为一般过去时，选C。

2. B。句意：我在找一份送给妈妈的生日礼物，但是我找不到任何合适的东西。本题考查不定代词的用法。something某物，某事，一般不用于疑问句或否定句中；anything任何东西，任何事物，用于否定句、疑问句；nothing没有东西；everything所有东西，一切。根据题意选B项。

3. C。对频率的提问，要用how often，意为“多久一次”。

4. B。根据答语可知选“做什么”，用what。

5. C。根据后句可知是“他岁数够大了”，选old；enough要放在形容词的后面，故选C。

6. A。句意：——请问，这本书我可以借长一点时间吗？——很抱歉，你今天必须把它还回来。本题考查情态动词。根据答语Sorry. 可知今天必须归还，故选A项。

7. B。spend…on sth. 意为“在某物上花费……”。

8. A。be good for意为“对……有好处”，符合句意。

9. A。make sb. do sth.意为“让某人做某事”。

10. A。as…as…中间应该用原级，题空中的词是修饰speak的，所以应该用副词形式。

11. B。题空中的词是修饰动词does的，应该用副词形式，且为最高级。

12. D。根据答语中的yes,可知应该选用表示肯定意义的a little或a few；又因为空后的French words是可数名词复数形式,所以应该选用a few。

13. C。动词forget后接不定式,意为“忘记做某事”,表示该事还没做；而when引导的时间状语从句用一般现在时表示将来。

14. C。句意：——雾霾将持续多久？——我不知道，还没有要结束的迹象。本题考查特殊疑问副词词组。how soon多久以后；how far多远(对空间距离提问)；how long多久(对时间段提问)；how often多久一次(对频率提问)。last持续，通常与how long搭配。故C项。

15.D。词义辨析。the other指两者中的另一个；通常和one构成短语one...the other。其它均

不可和one构成短语。
**II. 完形填空。**

1. C。spend nights意为“过夜”。

2. A。和“small houses or inns”对应的是hotels。

3. B。由“Rooms for the night in private homes with breakfast...”可知，此处为旅游者提供第二天的“早餐”。

4. C。be popular with意为“受……欢迎”。

5. D。由题空前的only可知数量不多，room是可数名词，所以选a few。

6. B。本句与上句形成对比。

7. B。前后句表示转折关系。

8. A。be different from意为“与……不同”。

9. B。小旅馆的费用比大旅馆要少得多，选less。

10. D。根据后句的“Many travelers...”可知答案。

**III. 阅读理解。**

**A**

1. B。 根据第一段第二句话可得到答案，是小林的妈妈要他去镇上请医生，她得照顾小林生病的爸爸。

2. B。 根据He doesn’t know if he turns right or left(他不知道是向左转还是向右转)这句话知，小林不知道去镇上的路。

3. D。 在文章的最后几句话中我们可以找到答案：半小时后，小林再次问农夫时，农夫告诉他目前离镇上有4千米的距离，因为他们是向反方向行进的。

4. A。 根据全文的内容可知小林的妈妈要他去镇上请医生，所以他去的方向应该是镇上，而且他以为农夫也是去镇上的，就上了他的车。

5. B。 根据最后的内容可知小林又一次问话时，已经离城镇4千米了。

**B**

6. A。 根据第一句话的Mike is a factory worker可知Mike在一家工厂工作。

7. C。 根据第一段的His wife，Jenny, has no job，so she stays at home to cook the meals可知

Jenny待在家是因为没有工作。

8. B。 根据第二段的he was very busy in the factory(他在工厂很忙)推理出他忙就是因为活儿多。

9. D。 根据第三段第一句话He was not happy when he found his dinner was not ready可知Mike知道他妻子没有给他准备饭时，他不高兴了。

10. B。 对最后一句话进行推理可知Jenny不能在五分钟内做好晚饭，但可以在五分钟内准备好(和丈夫一起)外出吃饭。

**C**

11．B。细节理解题。由第一段第一句“Making a good job choice is almost as good as choosing a good life．”可知，选择一份好工作几乎相当于选择过一个好的生活。as good as意为“实际上，相当于”。故选B。

12．B。细节理解题。由第三段第三句“I would like to work in an area where I can be more creative.”可知，作者认为有一份令人愉快的工作最重要，是因为它可以让自己更有创造力。故选B。

13．D。词义猜测题。由画线词后的“I can lead a comfortable life with this hard-won money”可知，作者希望自己的努力工作能够得到好的报酬。由此可推知，remunerated意为“支付报酬”，相当于paid。故选D。

14．C。推理判断题。通读最后一段可知，作者想告诉我们为了找到一份满意的工作，每个人都应该做好准备。故选C。

15．A。标题概括题。通读全文可知，文章主要介绍了作者在选择工作时考虑的三个问题。因此，最佳标题为“My Job Choice”。故选A。

**IV. 根据句意和首字母或汉语提示完成单词，使句子正确、句意通顺。**

1. seems 2. less 3. quietly 4. share 5. service

6. Although 7. necessary 8. unlucky 9. crowded 10. successful

**V. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。**

1. to have 2. to drink 3. get 4. fast 5. the biggest

**VI. 句型转换，每空一词。**

1. What; think of 2. How often does 3. Both; and 4. less interesting 5. What did; do

**VII. 根据汉语意思完成句子，每空一词。**

1. on holiday 2. taking photos /pictures 3. went shopping 4. had; time 5. full of/filled with

**VIII. 书面表达。**

Tom is my best friend. He is 15 years old, but I’m one year younger than him. We look different. He is as tall as me. But I have short hair, and he has two big eyes. We both like playing basketball, but he also likes reading. And I like playing chess. He is different from me. I am more outgoing and funnier, but he is quieter and more hard-working.